

Public Law 93-80

August 1, 1973
[H. R. 9172]

AN ACT

To provide for emergency allotment lease and transfer of tobacco allotments or quotas for 1973 in certain disaster areas in Georgia and South Carolina.

Tobacco.
Acreage allotments or quotas, Ga.-S.C., lease and transfer.
75 Stat. 469;
86 Stat. 215.
7 USC 1314b.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 316 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection (g): "(g) Notwithstanding any provision of this section, when as a result of flood, hail, wind, tornado, or other natural disaster the Secretary determines (1) that one of the counties hereinafter listed has suffered a loss of 10 per centum or more in the number of acres of tobacco planted and (2) that a lease of such tobacco allotment or quota will not impair the effective operation of the tobacco marketing quota or price support program, he may permit the owner and operator of any farm within Atkinson, Bacon, Berrien, Clinch, Cook, Lanier, Lowndes, or Ware Counties, Georgia, or Clarendon, Lee, Sumter, or Williamsburg Counties, South Carolina, which has suffered a loss of 30 per centum or more in the number of acres of tobacco planted of such crop to lease all or any part of such allotment or quota to any other owners or operators in the same county, or nearby counties within the same State, for use in such counties for the year 1973 on a farm or farms having a current tobacco allotment or quota of the same kind. In the case of a lease and transfer to an owner or operator in another country pursuant to this subsection, the lease and transfer shall not be effective until a copy of the lease is filed with and determined by the county committee of the county to which the transfer is made to be in compliance with the provisions of this subsection."

Approved August 1, 1973.

Public Law 93-81

August 1, 1973
[H. R. 6717]

AN ACT

To amend certain provisions of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 relating to the collection of fees in connection with the use of Federal areas for outdoor recreation purposes.

Federal recreation areas.
Fees.
86 Stat. 459.
16 USC 4601-6a.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first paragraph of section 4(b) of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965, as amended (78 Stat. 897; 16 U.S.C. 4601-5), is amended to read as follows:

"(b) SPECIAL RECREATION USE FEES.—Each Federal agency developing, administering, or providing specialized sites, facilities, equipment, or services related to outdoor recreation shall provide for the collection of special recreation use fees for the use of sites, facilities, equipment, or services furnished at Federal expense: *Provided*, That in no event shall there be a charge for the day use or recreational use of those facilities or combination of those facilities or areas which virtually all visitors might reasonably be expected to utilize, such as, but not limited to, picnic areas, boat ramps where no mechanical or hydraulic equipment is provided, drinking water, wayside exhibits, roads, trails, overlook sites, visitors' centers, scenic drives, and toilet facilities. No fee may be charged for access to or use of any campground not having the following—flush restrooms, showers reasonably available, access and circulatory roads, sanitary disposal stations reasonably available, visitor protection control, designated tent or trailer spaces, refuse containers and potable water."

SEC. 2. Section 4(a)(2) of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965, as amended (78 Stat. 879; 16 U.S.C. 4601-5), is amended to read as follows:

86 Stat. 459.
16 USC 4601-6a.

“Reasonable admission fees for a single visit at any designated area shall be established by the administering Secretary for persons who choose not to purchase the annual permit or who enter such an area by means other than by private, noncommercial vehicle. A ‘single visit’ means that length of time a visitor remains within the exterior boundary of a designated fee area beginning from the day he first enters the area until he leaves, except that on the same day such admission fee is paid, the visitor may leave and reenter without the payment of an additional admission fee to the same area.”

“Single visit.”

Approved August 1, 1973.

Public Law 93-82

AN ACT

August 2, 1973
[S. 59]

To amend title 38 of the United States Code to provide improved and expanded medical and nursing home care to veterans; to provide hospital and medical care to certain dependents and survivors of veterans; to provide for improved structural safety of Veterans' Administration facilities; to improve recruitment and retention of career personnel in the Department of Medicine and Surgery; and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the “Veterans Health Care Expansion Act of 1973”.

Veterans Health
Care Expansion
Act of 1973.

TITLE I—HOSPITAL, DOMICILIARY, AND MEDICAL CARE BENEFITS

SEC. 101. (a) Subparagraph (C) of section 601(4) of title 38, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

72 Stat. 1141;
82 Stat. 1202.
Definitions.

“(C) private facilities for which the Administrator contracts in order to provide (i) hospital care or medical services for persons suffering from service-connected disabilities or from disabilities for which such persons were discharged or released from the active military, naval, or air service; (ii) hospital care for women veterans; or (iii) hospital care for veterans in a State, territory, Commonwealth, or possession of the United States not contiguous to the forty-eight contiguous States, except that the annually determined average hospital patient load per thousand veteran population hospitalized at Veterans' Administration expense in Government and private facilities in each such non-contiguous State may not exceed the average patient load per thousand veteran population hospitalized by the Veterans' Administration within the forty-eight contiguous States; but authority under this clause (iii) shall expire on December 31, 1978.

(b) Section 601(5) of such title is amended to read as follows:

72 Stat. 1141.
38 USC 601.

“(5) The term ‘hospital care’ includes—

“(A) (i) medical services rendered in the course of the hospitalization of any veteran, and (ii) transportation and incidental expenses for any veteran who is in need of treatment for a service-connected disability or is unable to defray the expense of transportation;

“(B) such mental health services, consultation, professional counseling, and training (including (i) necessary expenses for