

should not be made in any dispute referred to it, the division shall make an order to the petitioner stating such determination."

(c) The second sentence of section 3, First, (p), of such Act is amended by striking out "shall be prima facie evidence of the facts therein stated" and inserting in lieu thereof "shall be conclusive on the parties".

(d) The last sentence of section 3, First, (p), of such Act is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "Provided, however, That such order may not be set aside except for failure of the division to comply with the requirements of this Act, for failure of the order to conform, or confine itself, to matters within the scope of the division's jurisdiction, or for fraud or corruption by a member of the division making the order".

(e) Section 3, First, of such Act is further amended by redesignating paragraphs (q) through (w) thereof as paragraphs (r) through (x), respectively, and by inserting after paragraph (p) the following new paragraph:

Judicial review.

"(q) If any employee or group of employees, or any carrier, is aggrieved by the failure of any division of the Adjustment Board to make an award in a dispute referred to it, or is aggrieved by any of the terms of an award or by the failure of the division to include certain terms in such award, then such employee or group of employees or carrier may file in any United States district court in which a petition under paragraph (p) could be filed, a petition for review of the division's order. A copy of the petition shall be forthwith transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Adjustment Board. The Adjustment Board shall file in the court the record of the proceedings on which it based its action. The court shall have jurisdiction to affirm the order of the division or to set it aside, in whole or in part, or it may remand the proceeding to the division for such further action as it may direct. On such review, the findings and order of the division shall be conclusive on the parties, except that the order of the division may be set aside, in whole or in part, or remanded to the division, for failure of the division to comply with the requirements of this Act, for failure of the order to conform, or confine itself, to matters within the scope of the division's jurisdiction, or for fraud or corruption by a member of the division making the order. The judgment of the court shall be subject to review as provided in sections 1291 and 1254 of title 28, United States Code."

62 Stat. 929.

Approved June 20, 1966.

Public Law 89-457

AN ACT

June 20, 1966
[H. R. 6646]

To amend the Recreation and Public Purposes Act pertaining to the leasing of public lands to States and their political subdivisions.

Recreation and
Public Purposes
Act, amendment.
68 Stat. 174.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2(b) of the Act of June 14, 1926 (44 Stat. 741), as amended (43 U.S.C. 869-1 (b)), is further amended by substituting "twenty-five" for "twenty".

SEC. 2. Upon application by a lessee holding a lease under the Recreation and Public Purposes Act the Secretary of the Interior may enter into a new lease for a term not to exceed twenty-five years from the date of the new lease.

Approved June 20, 1966.