

Activities for which provision was made in the Public Works Appropriation Act, 1962;

Activities for which provision was made in the Military Construction Appropriation Act, 1962;

Activities for which provision was made in the Departments of State and Justice, the Judiciary and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1962;

Department of Commerce;

American Battle Monuments Commission;

Arms Control and Disarmament Agency;

Civil defense and emergency preparedness functions;

Federal Maritime Commission;

Foreign Claims Settlement Commission;

Small Business Administration;

Subversive Activities Control Board;

Tariff Commission;

The Panama Canal;

St. Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation; and

Office of Science and Technology (Executive Office of the President).

(c) Such amounts as may be necessary for continuing projects or activities for which disbursements are made by the Secretary of the Senate, and the Senate items under the Architect of the Capitol, to the extent and in the manner which would be provided for in the budget estimates for the fiscal year 1963.

SEC. 102. Appropriations and funds made available and authority granted pursuant to this joint resolution shall remain available until (a) enactment into law of an appropriation for any project or activity provided for in this joint resolution, or (b) enactment of the applicable appropriation Act by both Houses without any provision for such project or activity, or (c) July 31, 1962, whichever first occurs.

Post, pp. 254,
427.

SEC. 103. Appropriations and funds made available and authority granted pursuant to this joint resolution may be used without regard to the time limitations set forth in subsection (d) (2) of section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, and expenditures therefrom shall be charged to the applicable appropriation, fund, or authorization whenever a bill in which such applicable appropriation, fund, or authorization is contained is enacted into law.

31 USC 665.

SEC. 104. No appropriation or funds made available or authority granted pursuant to this joint resolution shall be used to initiate or resume any project or activity which was not being conducted during the fiscal year 1962. Appropriations made and authority granted pursuant to this joint resolution shall cover all obligations or expenditures incurred for any project or activity during the period for which funds or authority for such project or activity are available under this joint resolution.

Approved July 1, 1962.

Public Law 87-514

AN ACT

July 1, 1962
[H. R. 10095]

To continue until the close of June 30, 1963, the suspension of duties for metal scrap, and for other purposes.

Metal scrap.
Duty suspension.
75 Stat. 224.
19 USC 1001, par.
301 note.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first sentence of section 2 of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 869, Eighty-first Congress), is hereby amended by striking out "June 30, 1962" and inserting in lieu thereof "June 30, 1963": *Provided,* That this Act shall not apply to lead scrap, lead alloy scrap, antimonial lead scrap, scrap battery lead or plates, zinc scrap, or zinc alloy scrap,

or to any form of tungsten scrap, tungsten carbide scrap, or tungsten alloy scrap; or to articles of lead, lead alloy, antimonial lead, zinc, or zinc alloy, or to articles of tungsten, tungsten carbide, or tungsten alloy, imported for remanufacture by melting.

SEC. 2. This Act shall not exempt any article provided for in section 4541 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 from import taxes imposed thereby. This Act shall not suspend any duty with respect to an article provided for in such section 4541 which is entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or before June 30, 1962 (or, if later, on or before the date of the enactment of this Act).

Approved July 1, 1962.

68A Stat. 541.

Public Law 87-515

AN ACT

To provide for continuation of authority for regulation of exports, and for other purposes.

July 1, 1962
[S. 3161]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 12 of the Export Control Act of 1949 is amended by striking out "June 30, 1962" and inserting in lieu thereof "June 30, 1965".

Export Control
Act of 1949,
amendment,
63 Stat. 7;
74 Stat. 130.
50 USC app.
2032.
50 USC app.
2021.

SEC. 2. Section 1(b) of the Export Control Act of 1949 is amended to read as follows:

"(b) The unrestricted export of materials without regard to their potential military and economic significance may adversely affect the national security of the United States."

SEC. 3. (a) Section 2 of the Export Control Act of 1949 is amended by inserting "of the United States" immediately before the period at the end thereof.

50 USC app.
2023.

(b) Section 2 of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"The Congress further declares that it is the policy of the United States to formulate, reformulate, and apply such controls to the maximum extent possible in cooperation with all nations with which the United States has defense treaty commitments, and to formulate a unified commercial and trading policy to be observed by the non-Communist-dominated nations or areas in their dealings with the Communist-dominated nations."

(c) Section 2 of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof (after the paragraph added by subsection (b) of this section) the following new paragraph:

"The Congress further declares that it is the policy of the United States to use its economic resources and advantages in trade with Communist-dominated nations to further the national security and foreign policy objectives of the United States."

SEC. 4. Section 3(a) of the Export Control Act of 1949 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Such rules and regulations shall provide for denial of any request or application for authority to export articles, materials, or supplies, including technical data, from the United States, its territories and possessions, to any nation or combination of nations threatening the national security of the United States, if the President shall determine that such export makes a significant contribution to the military or economic potential of such nation or nations which would prove detrimental to the national security and welfare of the United States."

50 USC app.
2023.